



Rabbit anti-E-Cadherin

Cat. No.: BRB047 (16 ml Ready-to-use)

Instructions for use

Intended Use

This antibody is designed for the specific localization of E-Cadherin antigen in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections.

Anti-E-Cadherin antibody is intended for in vitro diagnostic use.

Specifications

Specificity: E-Cadherin

Synonyms: CD324, Cadherin 1

Clone: EP700Y Isotype: Rabbit IgG

Species reactivity: Human +, others not tested

Summary and explanation

E-cadherin is a glycoprotein of the cellular surface with a molecular weight of 123 kDa. It is also known as Uvomorulin, L-CAM, cell-CAM 120/80 or Arc-1.

Like other cadherins, E-cadherin is responsible for the calcium-dependent adhesion between epidermal cells and other epithelial cell types. The loss of cell adhesion caused by E-cadherin is closely connected to the progression of various carcinomas. This for example was shown in breast or bladder carcinomas.

About 45% of the tumours of various organs show reduced expression of E-cadherin. E-cadherin expression in carcinomas has an inversely proportional relationship to the extent of differentiation. In breast carcinoma a correlation was observed between low expression of E-cadherin, lymph node metastases and poor prognosis. Most lobular carcinomas display a complete loss of E-cadherin expression.

The immunohistochemical detection of E-cadherin results in a strong staining of the cytoplasmic membrane. However, an abnormal expression has also been observed inside the cytoplasm of tumour cells, which can suggest a negative prognosis (Nakopoulou *et al.*).

Reagent provided

Rabbit monoclonal antibody in buffer solution with carrier protein and preservative for stabilisation in the following format:

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Dilution of primary antibody

None

Storage and handling

The antibody should be stored at 2-8°C without further dilution.

If necessary, dilutions of the antibody should be done with a suitable antibody dilution buffer (e.g. ZUC025 from Zytomed Systems). The diluted antibody should be stored at 2-8°C after use. Stability of this working solution depends on various parameters and has to be confirmed by appropriate controls.

The antibody provided is stable until the expiry date indicated on the label, if stored at 2-8°C. Do not use product after the expiry date. Positive and negative controls should be run simultaneously with all specimens. If unexpected staining is observed which cannot be explained by variations in laboratory procedures and a problem with the antibody is suspected, contact Zytomed Systems' technical support or your local distributor.

Precautions

Use through qualified personnel only. Wear protective clothing to avoid contact of reagents and specimens with eye, skin and mucous membranes. If reagents or specimens come in contact with sensitive area, wash with large amounts of water.

Microbial contamination of the reagent must be avoided, since otherwise non-specific staining may occur. ProClin300 and sodium azide (NaN₃) are used for stabilisation. Reaction of sodium azide with lead or copper in drainage pipes can result in the formation of highly explosive metallic azides. Discard the antibody solution in a large volume of running water to avoid formation of deposits. A material safety data sheet (MSDS) for the pure substances is available upon request.

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Staining procedure

Refer to the following table for conditions specifically recommended for this antibody. Also refer to detection system data sheets for guidance on specific staining protocols or other requirements.

Parameters Zytomed Systems recommendations

*Pre-treatment: Heat Induced Epitope Retrieval (for example in Citrate Buffer pH 6.0 (ZUC028))

*Control tissue *Working dilution None *Incubation time 60 minutes

Quality control

The recommended positive control tissus for this antibody is mamma. We recommend carrying out a positive and a negative control with every staining run. Please refer to the instructions of the detection system for guidance on general quality control procedures.

Troubleshooting

If you observe unusual staining or other deviations from the expected results please read these instructions carefully, refer to the instructions of the detection system for relevant information or contact your local distributor.

Expected results

This antibody stains positive in the cytoplasmic membrane of E-Cadherin-positive cells in formalin-fixed, paraffinembedded tissue sections. Further details about the expression pattern of E-Cadherin can be found in the chapter 'Summary and Description'. The interpretation of the results is solely the responsibility of the user. Any experimental result should be confirmed by a medically established diagnostic procedure.

Limitations of the Procedure

Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining, for example variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue can cause inconsistent results (Nadji and Morales, 1983). Endogenous peroxidase, alkaline phosphatase or biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on the detection system used. Tissues containing Hepatitis B Surface Antigen (HBsAg) may give false positive results with HRP (horse radish peroxidase) detection systems (Omata et al, 1980). Inadequate counterstaining and mounting can influence the interpretation of the results.

Zytomed Systems warrants that the product will meet all requirements described from its shipping date until the expiry date is reached, if the product is stored and utilised as recommended. No additional guarantees can be given. Under no circumstances shall Zytomed System be liable for any damages arising out of the use of the reagent provided.

Performance characteristics

Zytomed Systems has conducted studies to evaluate the performance of the antibody utilising a standard detection system. The product has been found to be sensitive and specific to the antigen of interest with minimal or no crossreactivity.

Bibliography

Bankfalvi A et al. Histopathol 34:25-34, 1999 Elzagheid A et al. Histopathol 41:127-133, 2002 Omata M et al. Am J Clin Pathol 73:626-632, 1989 Wahed A et al. Ann Diagn Pathol 6:349-5, 2002

Karayiannakis AJ et al. Hepatogastroenterology 45,24: 2437-42,1998

Nakopoulou L et al. Histopathol 40:536-546, 2002 Horiguchi Y et al. J Histochem Cytochem 42:1333-1340, 1994 Nadji M and Morales AR, Ann NY Acad Sci 420:134-139, 1983 Acs G et al. Am J Clin Pathol 115: 85-98, 2001



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Explanations of the symbols on the product label

Symbols are used in accordance with ISO 15223-1. Further symbols on the product label might be:



GSH07: Attention / Warning

RŮO For Research Use Only

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