



Mouse anti-Cytokeratin Pan Plus (AE1, AE3 & 5D3)

Cat. No.: MSK098-05 (0.5 ml Concentrate) MSG098 (6 ml Ready-to-use)

Instructions for use

Intended use

This antibody cocktail is designed for the specific localisation of cytokeratins in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections.

Anti-Cytokeratin Pan Plus antibody is intended for in vitro diagnostic use.

Specifications

Specificity: Human Cytokeratin pan

Clone: Cocktail composed of AE1, AE3 and 5D3 Isotype: Mouse IgG1 / Mouse IgG1

Species reactivity: Human +, others not tested

Summary and Description

Cytokeratins (CK) are intermediate filaments that constitute the cytoskeletal structure of virtually all epithelial but also of some non-epithelial cells. According to R. Moll they are divided into Type I (acidic cytokeratins, CK9 to 20) and Type II (basic cytokeratins, CK1 to 8) cytokeratins. Each Type I cytokeratin is co-expressed with a Type II cytokeratin inside a single cell. Hence, it follows that all epithelial cells contain at least two different cytokeratins. Only CK19 is expressed unpaired.

The antibody of clone AE1 detects the acidic (Type I) cytokeratins 10, 15, 16 and 19. The antibody derived from clone AE3 detects all basic (Type II) cytokeratins, i.e. CK1 to 8. Clone 5D3 detects cytokeratins 8 and 18. Detection of cytokeratins with a broad spectrum ("pan"-) antibody allows for the staining of epithelial cells in normal and abnormal tissues. It is especially useful in characterisation of metastases with unknown origin.

Reagent provided

Cocktail of mouse monoclonal antibodies in buffer with carrier protein and preservative for stabilisation in the following formats:

Concentrate: 0.5 ml (Cat. No. MSK098-05) **Ready-to-use:** 6 ml (Cat. No. MSG098)

Dilution of primary antibody

Dilution of Zytomed Systems' concentrated antibody depends on the detection system used. The final working dilution must always be determined by the user. The validation of staining protocol should be done by an experienced specialist. For Zytomed Systems' recommendations see chapter 'Staining procedure'.

Storage and handling

The antibody should be stored at 2-8°C without further dilution.

Dilutions of the concentrated antibody should be done with a suitable antibody dilution buffer (e.g. ZUC025 from Zytomed Systems). The diluted antibody should be stored at 2-8°C after use. Stability of this working solution depends on various parameters and has to be confirmed by appropriate controls. The antibody provided is suitable for use until the expiry date indicated on the label, if stored at 2-8°C. Do not use product after the expiry date. Positive and negative controls should be run simultaneously with all specimens. If unexpected staining is observed which cannot be explained by variations in laboratory procedures and a problem with the antibody is suspected, contact Zytomed Systems' technical support or your local distributor.

Precautions

Use through qualified personnel only.

Wear protective clothing to avoid contact of reagents and specimens with eye, skin and mucous membranes. If reagents or specimens come in contact with sensitive area, wash with large amounts of water.

Microbial contamination of the reagent must be avoided, since otherwise non-specific staining may occur. Microbial contamination of the reagent must be avoided, since otherwise non-specific staining may occur.

Sodium azide (NaN₃), used for stabilisation, is not considered hazardous material in the concentration used. Reaction of sodium azide with lead or copper in drainage pipes can result in the formation of highly explosive

Date of approval: 2023-03-15 Revision: V01 Page 1 of 2

metallic azides. Sodium azide should be discarded in a large volume of running water to avoid formation of deposits. Material safety data sheets (MSDS) are available upon request.

Staining procedure

Refer to the following table for conditions specifically recommended for this antibody. Also refer to detection system data sheets for guidance on specific staining protocols or other requirements.

<u>Parameters</u> <u>Zytomed Systems recommendations</u>

*Pre-treatment Heat Induced Epitope Retrieval (for example in Citrate Buffer pH 6.0,

EDTA Buffer pH 9.0)

Protease Induced Epitope Retrieval in Fast Enzyme, Trypsin or Pepsin

*Control tissue Skin or adenocarcinoma *Working dilution 1:50-1:100 (for concentrates)

*Incubation time 60 minutes

Quality control

The recommended positive control tissues for this antibody are skin or adenocarcinoma. We recommend carrying out a positive and a negative control with every staining run. Please refer to the instructions of the detection system for guidance on general quality control procedures.

Troubleshooting

If you observe unusual staining or other deviations from the expected results please read these instructions carefully, refer to the instructions of the detection system for relevant information or contact your local distributor.

Expected results

This antibody stains positive in the cytoplasm of epithelial cells in formalin-fixed, paraffin-embedded tissue sections. Interpretation of the staining results is solely the responsibility of the user. Any experimental result should be confirmed by a medically established diagnostic procedure.

Limitations of the Procedure

Immunohistochemistry is a complex technique involving both histological and immunological detection methods. Tissue processing and handling prior to immunostaining, for example variations in fixation and embedding or the inherent nature of the tissue can cause inconsistent results (Nadji and Morales, 1983). Endogenous peroxidase, pseudoperoxidase activity in erythrocytes or biotin may cause non-specific staining depending on the detection system used. Tissues containing Hepatitis B Surface Antigen (HBsAg) may give false positive results with HRP (horse radish peroxidase) detection systems (Omata *et al*, 1980). Inadequate counterstaining and mounting can influence the interpretation of the results.

Zytomed Systems warrants that the product will meet all requirements described from its shipping date until the expiry date is reached, if the product is stored and utilised as recommended. No additional guarantees can be given. Under no circumstances shall Zytomed System be liable for any damages arising out of the use of the reagent provided.

Performance characteristics

Zytomed Systems has conducted studies to evaluate the performance of the antibody for use with a standard detection system. The product has been found to be sensitive and specific to the antigen of interest with minimal or no cross-reactivity.

Bibliography

Moll R et al. Cell 31:11-24, 1982 Omata M et al. Am J Clin Pathol 73:626-632, 1980 Bunton TE. Vet Pathol. 1993 Sep; 30(5):418-25 Pinkus GS et al. Am J Clin Pathol. 1986 Mar; 85(3):269-77 Nadji M, Morales AR. Ann N Y Acad Sci 420:134-138, 1983 Seidman JD et al. Int J Gynecol Pathol. 1995 Oct; 14(4):331-8. Sorensen SC et al. J Pathol. 1987 Oct; 153(2):151-62 Pinkus GS et al. J Histochem Cytochem. 1985 May; 33(5):465-73



www.zytomed-systems.de
Zytomed Systems GmbH • Anhaltinerstraße 16 • 14163 Berlin, Germany • Tel: (+49) 30-804 984

Explanations of the symbols on the product label



GSH07: Warning / Attention

For Research Use Only

Date of approval: 2023-03-15 Revision: V01 Page 2 of 2